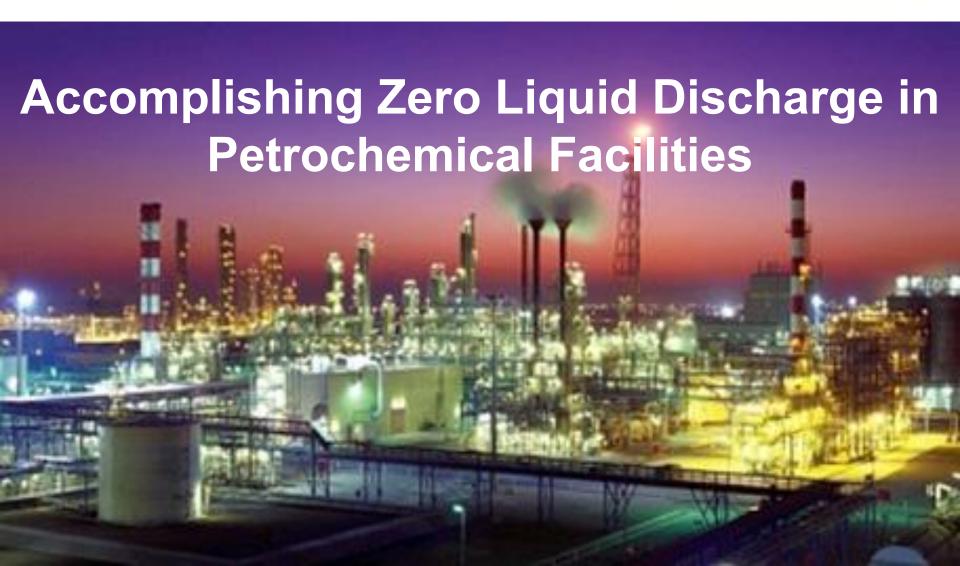


Dr. Vikrant Sarin





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- Brief Introduction Aquatech
- Drivers for accomplishing ZLD
- Source of generation of wastewater
- Analytical quality Effluent & Treated
- Challenges
- Approach
- Case Study Petrochemical plant in Egypt
- Conclusion



Introduction

Aquatech exists to meet the world's need for Pure Water. We will provide *Technology Leadership*, and *Performance Excellence* to the markets we serve.



Global Headquarters, Canonsburg, PA, USA



Manufacturing Facility

- Leading player in the global water industry
- 34 years of successful growth and performance
- Worldwide offices in Canada, China, India, Italy, UAE, KSA and USA
- Over 1000 Major Projects in > 60 Countries
- Focus Industrial and Infrastructure Markets
 - Process / Pure Water
 - Wastewater Treatment and Recycle and Reuse
 - Desalination
 - > Zero Liquid Discharge
- 4 Key Business Models
 - Capital Equipment / Systems
 - Design –Build Solutions
 - > Technology Products and Components
 - > Services: O&M / DB(O) / BOOT



Aquatech Business Units

Industrial **Process Water** Industrial Wastewater treatment & Recycle •Zero Liquid Discharge (ZLD) Spent Caustic

ndustrial Concentration & Desalination aqua-chem ICD

Thermal Desalination Industrial

Concentration (Evaporators, Crystallizers, etc.)

Infrastructure

Desalination •Water Reuse

Services WATERTRAK™

and

Products

- Standard **Products**
- Water Management Services
- Spare Parts
- AMC

Services Operating

- Industrial DBOOM
- Contract **Operations**
- Infrastructure DBOOM

Technology Advanced Membrane

QUATM /

- FEDI™ •UF
- •MBR
- •EDR
- Other
- Development



Treatment

- Advanced Oxidation **Process**
- EQUIPMENT **SUPPLY FOCUS**



- •ZLD
- •FGD **Treatment**
- •IGCC WW
- Shale Gas
- Oil Recovery



•EPC / BOP **CAPABILITY**

Projects

projects

Industrial EPC

Major

MAJOR **PROJECT FOCUS**



•SHORT TERM **RECURRING REVENUE**



- •LONG TERM RECURRING **REVENUE**
- WRAP OF **OTHER BUSINESS UNITS**



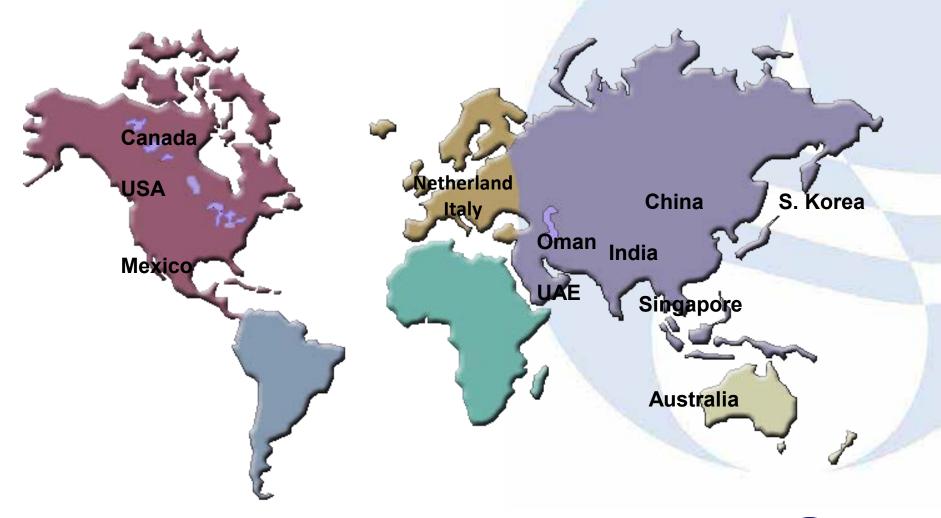
• HIGH **TECHNOLOGY RECURRING REVENUE**







International Presence





Worldwide Job Sites

Over 1000 Major Projects in > 60 Countries





Aquatech International Timeline

In 1981 Aquatech was
established specializing in pure
water systems for the Steel
Industry located in the
metropolitan
Pittsburgh area.
In the early
1990's Aquatech
developed a

1980

The mid 1990's saw Aquatech's entry into the Zero Liquid Discharge and Wastewater recycle/reuse Markets.

2000

In 2006,
Aquatech
Becomes the
EPC with ENEL
Italy &
Occidental
Mukhaizna,
Oman.

In 2012, Aquatech 1st ZLD in Egypt, completes 1st RR in GCC, awarded WWTP for Rabigh Ph II, Ethydco, Desal – FEWA, ZLD - Marcellus

2013

Shade

2014

In the late 1980's Aquatech began offering a more diversified product

offering a more diversified product range including membrane systems and pre-treatment.

In 2000, Aquatech acquired the Industrial Concn and Desalination business units of Aqua-Chem, Inc. to strengthen their *Desalination* and *Zero Liquid Discharge* capabilities.

global presence.

2009 & beyond, the management and shareholders of Aquatech commit to an accelerated growth strategy to become a Tier 1 Global Water Platform with >35% Recurring Revenue based Businesses including DBOOM, O&M and Products

In 2014, was
Aquatech awarded
one of the largest
Thermal Desal
MED based job for
Petroleum Refinery
in Oman, awarded
to treat complex
produced water for
steam generation in
Oman



Drivers for accomplishing ZLD

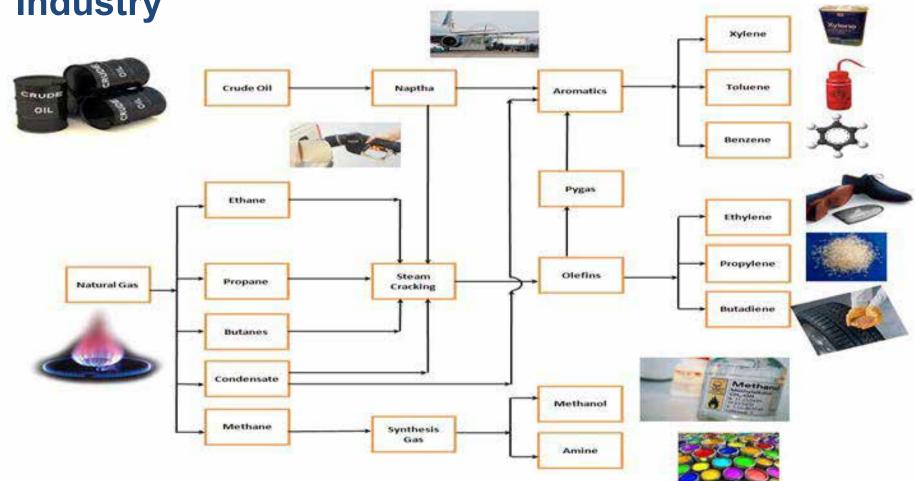
- Environment protection
- Meeting regulation requirement
- Economics





Source of Generation

Petrochemical Industry



Source of Generation

Various Generic Chemical Processes in a Petrochemical Plant

- Distillation
- Catalytic Cracking
- Catalytic Reforming
- Alkylation
- Hydrotreating
- Amination
- Condensation

- Esterification
- Halogenation
- Nitration
- Sulfonation
- Ammonolysis
- Isomerisation
- Pyrolysis

And Host of other Process



Sources of Generation

Direct Contact, Indirect Contact, Utilities -

- Water used for wash impurities from Organic Compound products or reactants
- Water used to cool quench
- Condensed Steam
- Water from Raw and product material storage tanks
- Water Used as carrier for catalysts and neutralizing agents
- Water as By Product
- Water used for Equipment Wash (Discharged from process equipment like Scrubbers, Decanters, Evaporators, Distillation Columns, mixing vessels, reactors
- Leakages from Pumps, Heat Exchangers, Condensers etc.
- As Blow Down from Boilers or Cooling Towers
 - Accordingly the waste water streams generated contain contaminants, Organic Compounds etc.
 - Some of them have Volatile Organic Compounds



Analytical Quality of Effluent

Parameter	Feed Wastewater Quality Range	Treated Effluent Quality Range
рН	5.0 - 9.0	7.0 – 8.0
Oil & Grease, mg/l	100 – 300	ND
TSS, mg/l	100 – 1000	ND
Conductivity, µs/cm	10000 – 25000	< 15
Total Hardness, mg/l CaCO3	50 – 100	-
NH ₃ , mg/l	5 – 50	ND
Sulfide, mg/l	5 – 50	ND
Phenois, mg/l	5	ND (< 1 ppb)
Silica, mg/l	5 – 50	-
BOD ₅ , mg/l	30 – 200	ND
COD, mg/l	50 – 300	< 10
BTEX compounds, mg/l	0.5 – 25	ND

Challenges

CHALLENGES IN WASTEWATER TREATMENT OF PETROCHEMICAL EFFLUENT

- Removal of Oil & Grease
- Organics / Hydrocarbons present Phenols, Glycols, VOC
- Hazardous air pollutants
- Removal of Heavy Metals
- Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD)
- Disposal of Spent caustic
- Solids Waste Management



Approach to Recycle & Reuse

Recycle Reuse HEIRARCHY

Minimize Generation

Minimize Introduction

SEGREGATE & REUSE

RECYCLE

Recover Chemicals & Energy from W Water

Treat for Discharge

Safe Disposal



Integrated Systems Capabilities



Raw Water Treatment



Wastewater Treatment



Raw Water Source

Pure Water Treatment

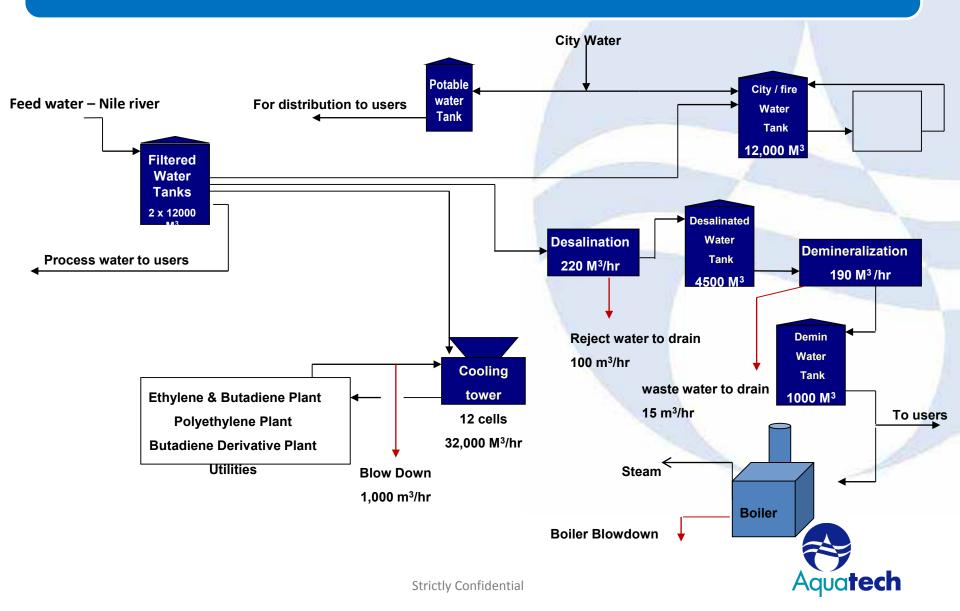
Membranes Evaporation

Environment

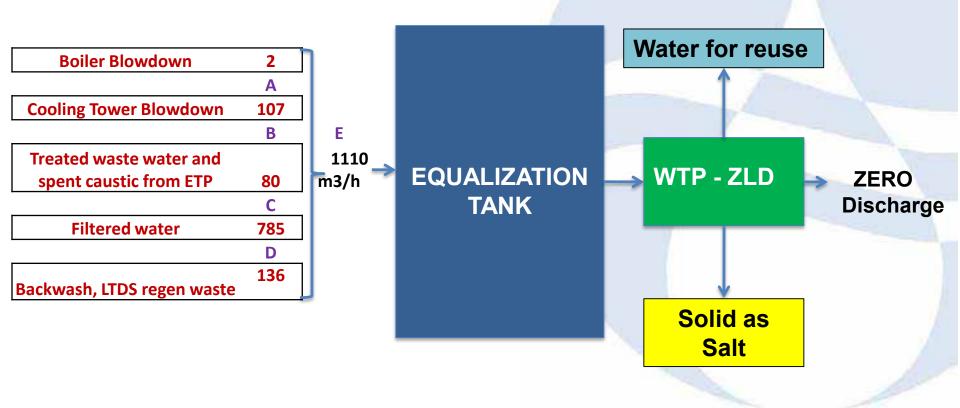
Zero Liquid Discharge Recycle / Reuse



Basic Design – Water Treatment System - PFD



Case Study - Water Balance Diagram



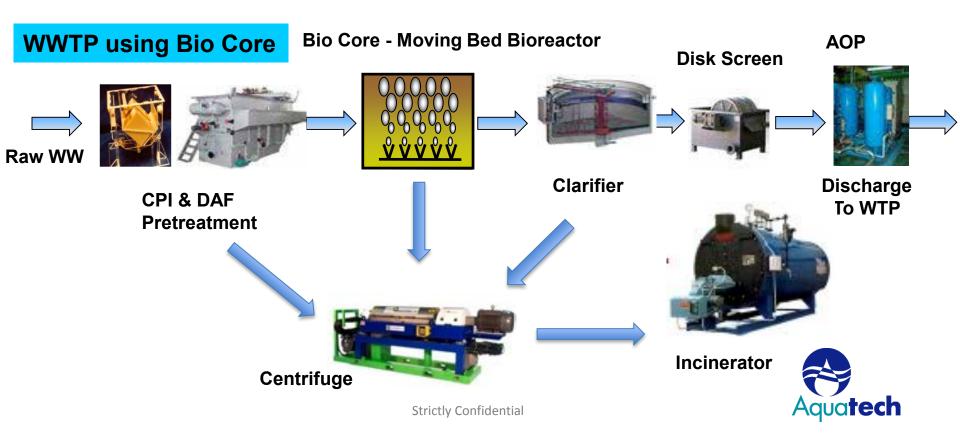


Process Wastewater WWTP

WWTP – Salient Features

MBBR – Disk Screen – Advanced Oxidation System

Sludge Dewatering – Centrifuge
Incinerator



Process Wastewater WWTP – Salient Features

WWTP utilizes the most Advanced Technologies

• FLOW RATE – 25 m3/h





BIOLOGICAL SYSTEM – BIOCORE™ – Moving Bio Bed Reactor – Fixed Film



Utilizes the most advanced technology – Aqua Chip Aqua Chip has the highest s/a 3000 m2/m3 Compact size of Bio reactor Most suitable for treating of difficult effluent

DISK SCREENING – Advanced Filtration – Non stop operation
 Consistent quality of treated waste water



ADVANCED OXIDATION SYSTEM – Specifically designed to meet
 the stringent requirement of phenol levels as < 1 ppb



• INCINERATOR – Specifically designed to meet client's requirement.

It shall incinerate Oily and biological sludge



Process – Spent Caustic Treatment

Evaporation - Package

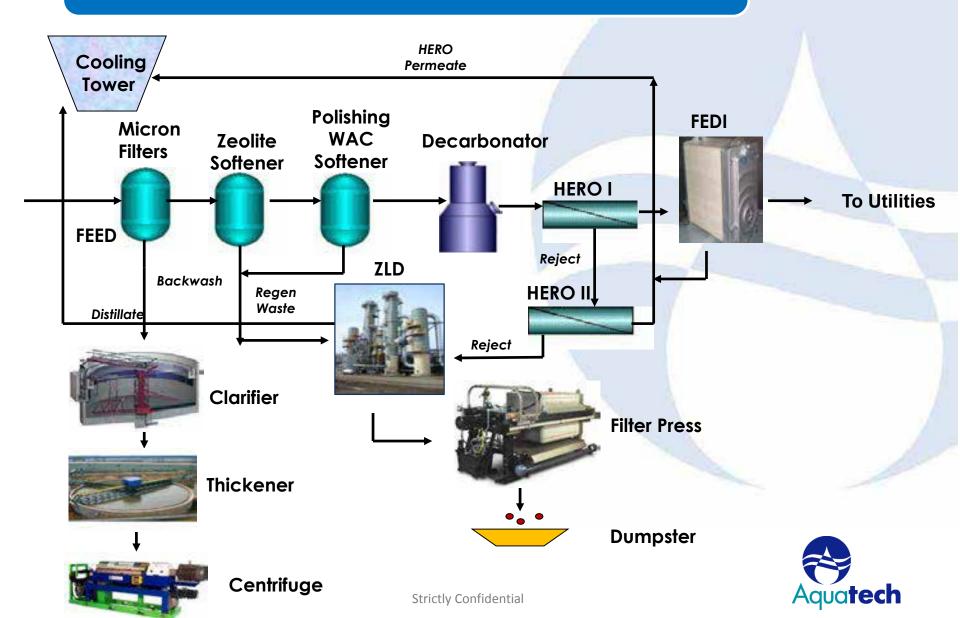
Salient Features -

- Designed to treat Spent Caustic generated from during the process. It consisting of recalcitrant organics, volatile organics and inorganic salts.
- Flow Rate 7.5 m3/h
- The evaporator utilizes Aquatech's proven technology FCC





Process Flow Diagram – WTP & ZLD



WTP & ZLD Package – Salient Features

WTP & ZLD utilizes the most advanced technologies

- HERO[™] High Efficiency Reverse Osmosis
 - Upto 95% recovery of permeate
 - Can withstand O&G up to 10 ppm & silica up to 2000 ppm
 - Cleaning frequency once a year



- Advanced two stage process
- Optimized power consumption Environmental friendly
- Free of scaling problems
- ZLD Zero Liquid Discharge Brine Concentrator & Crystallizer
- 1. Flow Rate 1110 m3/h Optimally designed for OPEX
- 2. There is zero waste water discharged from the complete system
- 3. Treated water produced in different stages of production meets all the requirement of utilities and process







ZLD – Process Schematic



Wastewater storage



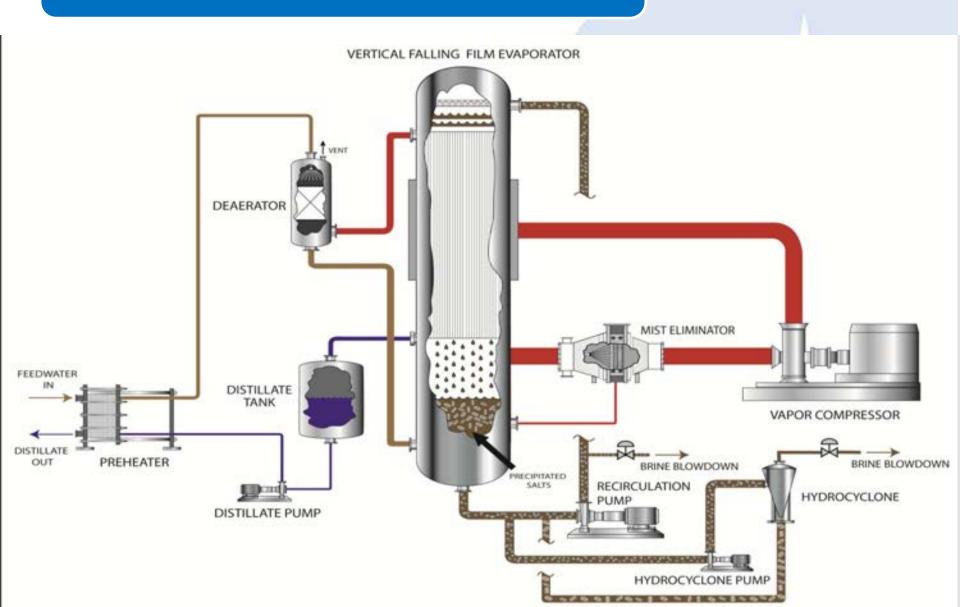
Crystallizer



Brine Concentrator



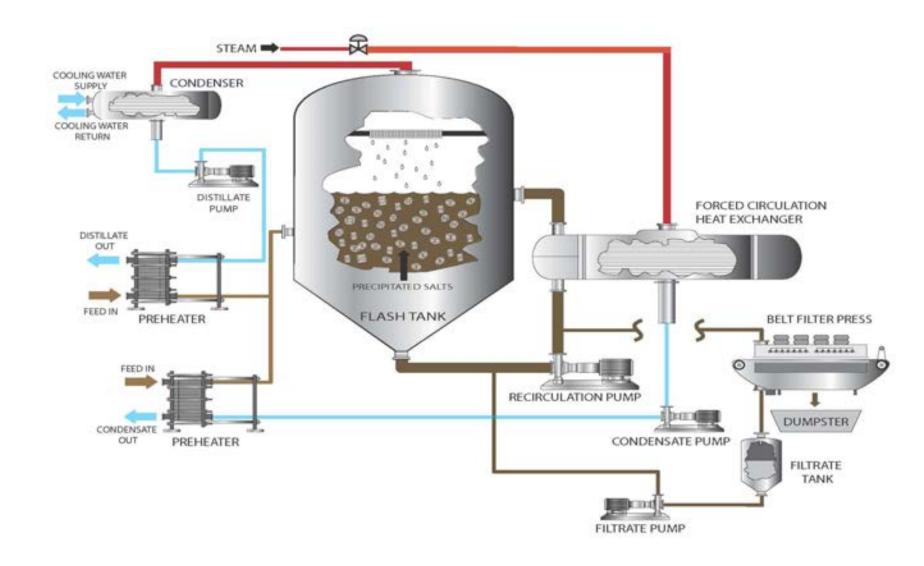
ZLD – Falling Film Evaporator



ZLD – Falling Film Evaporator



ZLD – Crystallizer

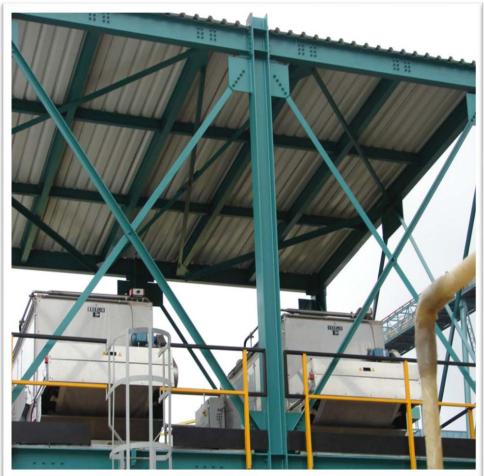


ZLD – Crystallizer





Evaporation - Package







Conclusion

By applying the maximum water management and the ZLD concept water consumption was reduced from 2,660 m³ / hr to 800 m³/hr, i.e. saving almost 70 % of the similar plant water consumption.



