



glp.com/eu

How we achieved the world's first building verified as Net Zero Carbon for Construction



Magnitude 314.

The first ever building to be verified as Net Zero Carbon for Construction*



"This is a landmark development for GLP and we hope that it will set a new standard for sustainability in the sector. The team is constantly striving to find innovative ways to improve the carbon footprint of our buildings and ensure that GLP is considered synonymous with sustainable development."

Nick Cook
President at GLP Europe

GLP Europe is at the vanguard of building innovation and committed to making improvements to its sustainability credentials, however it has been made clearer in recent years that the impact human activities are having on the planet are much more significant than publicly acknowledged.

The Construction industry is responsible for almost 40% of global carbon emissions and therefore it is one of the best areas of opportunity to respond to the climate emergency.

GLP, along with many climate scientists, have recognised that it is of crucial importance that we act now rather than later to reduce our impact and help to deliver a Net Zero Carbon Britain by 2050.

Magnitude 314 was GLP's test bed to define the process of delivering a Net Zero Carbon building.

[!\[\]\(3211b5d1d968fc1665909b34f9f16010_img.jpg\) Watch
Net Zero video](#)

[!\[\]\(6059a5aa8b4ca7bb793408023d6c6e42_img.jpg\) Download
Magnitude 314 press release](#)

*in accordance with the UKGBC Net Zero Carbon Buildings Framework Definition

Basics

Within Magnitude 314, as part of the institutionally standard agent/investor criteria, there are some absolute baseline elements and building specifications expected to be commercially viable in a grade logistics building of this type.



“GLP require their warehouse buildings to demonstrate excellent environmental performance that continuously exceed their original environmental aspirations, while supporting their customers’ business operations in many effective ways.”

Philippa Birch-Wood
GLP Key Account Manager, Chetwoods

Key features of Magnitude 314

314,123
sq ft
warehouse

16,415
sq ft
office area

19m
Clear internal
height

94
HGV parking
spaces

354
car parking
spaces

15.75
acres
(6.37 ha)

33
dock
levellers

4
Level access
doors

50m
yard
depth

18
electric car
charging bays





LED lighting

Built Environment Analytics (BEA)

Low VOC/organic paints

Energy monitoring

Good natural lighting

100% recycled yarn carpets

Exposed soffits with ceiling baffles

Responsibly sourced timber

Low water WCs and spray taps

Office design

The office design was refined to be more flexible for different conditions to avoid too many future changes, and more carbon emissions later.



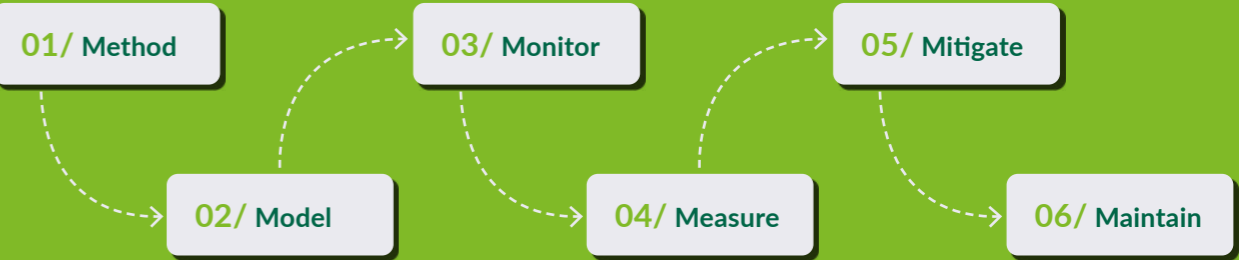
"The offices are designed to the British Council of Offices recommended floor space allocation of 1.5m x 1.5m, this translates into the GLP c6m structural office grid spacing which allows for different internal office layouts depending on the customers' requirements. The office areas are flexible enough to facilitate either an open plan office, cellular office or a mixture of both with very little or minimal internal reconfigurations – flexibility is the key."

Phil Stanway
GLP Key Account Manager, Chetwoods

Journey to Net Zero

6 step process

Once the fundamentals were determined, GLP could follow 6 steps to determine the journey to Net Zero.





Stage 01/ Method

Method of defining Net Zero carbon

GLP first had to specify the method of defining carbon. It was decided from the outset, with recommendation from third party sustainability specialists, that the project team follow the UKGBC Net Zero Carbon Buildings Framework Definition, the industry standard guidance.

Whilst operational carbon is very important, and energy efficiency initiatives were still factored in during design, the majority of the whole life cycle carbon of a logistics building is baked in at the beginning and it isn't something that can be corrected later.

Method of defining a baseline for comparison

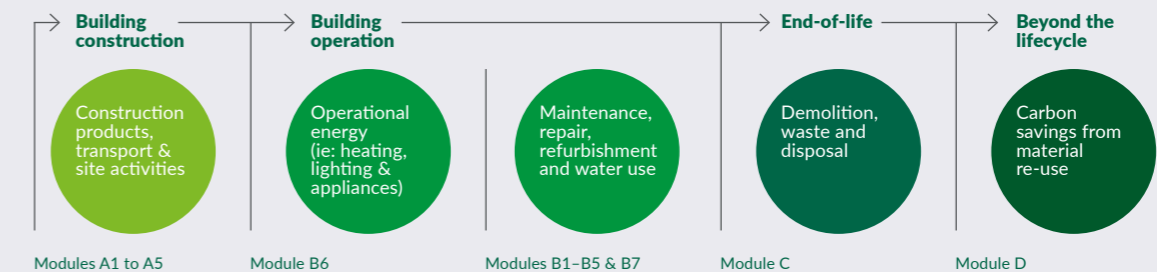
GLP's last building proved to be almost 12% less embodied carbon and over 15% less designed operational carbon than a warehouse building compliant with building regulations. GLP used this as a baseline to improve upon.

According to this guidance, Net Zero can be defined in 3 approaches:

1. Net Zero Carbon for Construction
2. Net Zero Carbon for Operations
3. Net Zero Carbon for Whole Life

G-Passports were created for specification items showing manufacturer's material data in a clear way. The passports, created and collated by Chetwoods Thrive, show the breakdown of each component, the recycled content and the recyclability. In developing these passports any alternatives suggested by the design team or the contractor could be compared against the sustainability credentials in the G-Passport.

Magnitude 314 was a speculative build and therefore the operational data of the occupier was not available. To that end the building was designed to be Net Zero Carbon for Construction.



Stage 02/ Model

Modelling initiatives to determine carbon savings

Once GLP had a defined baseline to work from, their sustainability stakeholders were identified and a map was created showing professionals both within GLP and outside, that have the capability and responsibility in delivering a Net Zero Carbon building.

Involving over 20 consultants and specialists

Those identified were invited to a roundtable of over 20 consultants and specialists to bring any new innovations to the table. The innovations were noted and divided into three workstreams (embodied carbon, designed operational carbon and biodiversity-wellbeing) as it was clear that these innovations would need to be modelled and discussed in depth with further experts and so the wider supply chain needed to be involved.

Challenging every component

Chetwoods Thrive, GLP's dedicated Sustainability Champion, set up an 'eco template' workshop weekly programme. Each week key experts and subcontractors, along with the design team, are invited to challenge each component of a GLP building starting with the most carbon intensive components. These sessions have been instrumental in identifying the barriers and opportunities, no solution is off the table, and they are continuing post completion of Magnitude 314.

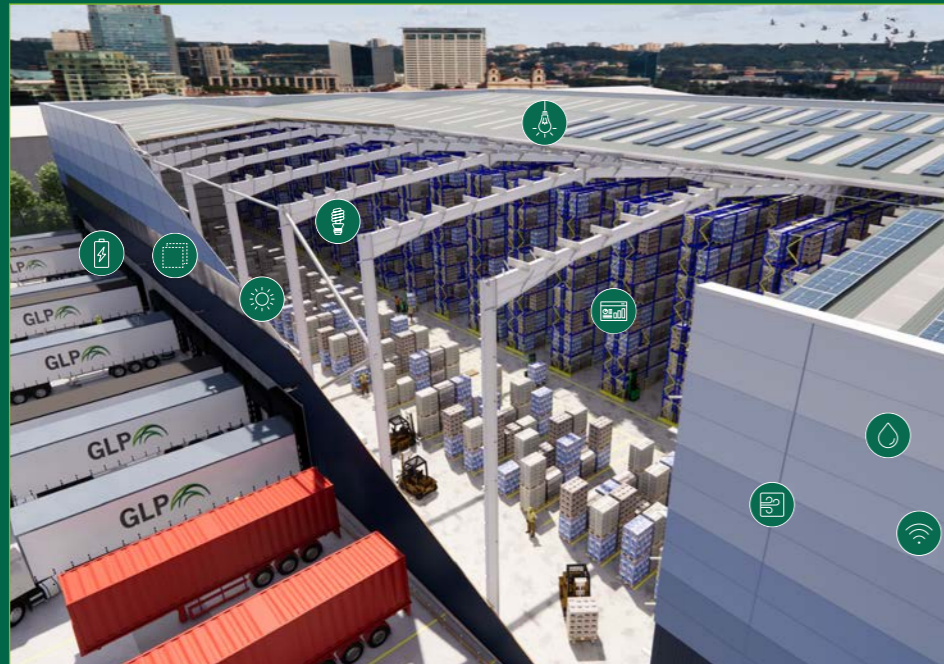
Determining Carbon savings

Each initiative that had potential was modelled and the carbon savings were determined by Circular Ecology. Carbon savings were verified through The Planet Mark for New Developments. The innovations that proved feasible in the time that Magnitude 314 was in development were applied. Some were simple i.e. exposed ceilings and services and acoustic baffles, to maximised floor to ceiling height for wellbeing and minimise materials required, and some were more technically involved i.e. replacing up to 70% of the cement with ggbs (a byproduct from the steel industry) in concrete mixtures.

Some of the innovations need further refinement as they challenge the industry standard and, in some cases, regulation. GLP look forward to the outcome of these workshops and hope to apply the knowledge to future buildings, to further improve.







[Watch Time lapse video](#)

Main structure & warehouse











External & roof

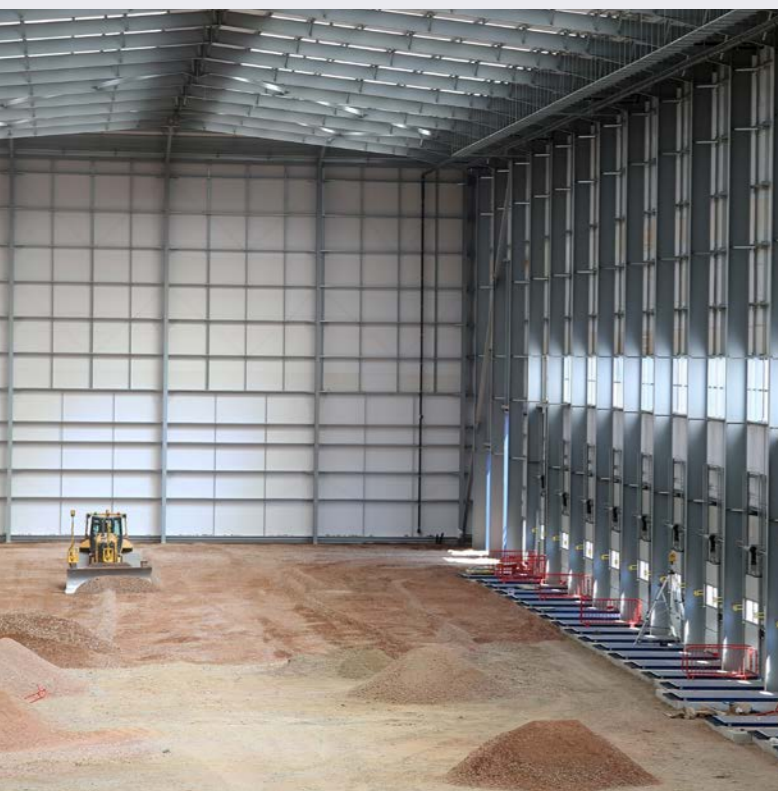


-  Excellent air tightness
-  Battery storage provision
-  Translucent cladding
-  Natural lighting
-  Energy monitoring
-  Low water WCs

Office & core



-  Roof lights
-  Solar thermal
-  Photovoltaics provision
-  Rainwater harvesting
-  LED lighting
-  Built Environment Analytics (BEA)
-  Electric Vehicle (EV) charging
-  Cycle storage and showers



Stage 03/ Monitor



Monitoring the build process

Once the solutions were modelled and designed, it was important to monitor the delivery process and ensure the ethos continued.

GLP had a sustainability launch meeting once the construction team was on site to emphasise the importance of delivering a distribution centre that is as low carbon and efficient as possible. At this meeting the wider team was introduced to the PSI Document.

GLP have created a Project Sustainability Information Document (PSI) which serves as a guidance document to contractors. It highlights all the sustainability considerations made in the design of the building and why it is important that the building performs as designed or better on practical completion. The document also serves to collate key sustainability metrics for third party accreditations, GLP's reporting and for the customer.



**BREEAM
Excellent**



**Designed to
WELL principles**



**EPC
A**



**Social value
£4,793,982**



**Net trees
planted 32,799**



**25.8% less
embodied
carbon**



**26.9% less
operational
carbon**



**18L pppd
water
reduction**



Stage 04/ Measure

Measuring the carbon footprint

GLP have always seen the benefit in third party certification to evidence their efforts.

They measure Social Value and BREEAM is used as a tool for measuring sustainability. All GLP buildings are BREEAM Excellent and EPC A as standard. BREEAM does not stipulate, however, that a building needs to be Net Zero Carbon and that Life Cycle Carbon Analysis is necessary.

Under the Planet Mark New Development Scheme, which GLP now sign up to on all of their buildings, it is necessary to measure the carbon footprint of the building. This is also imperative when delivering a Net Zero Carbon building, whichever scope.

The carbon footprint of Magnitude 314 was calculated by Life Cycle Carbon Analysis Consultant Circular Ecology.

Results

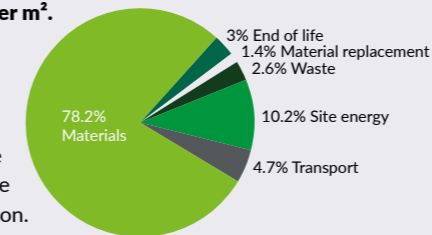
The whole life embodied carbon of Magnitude 314 was calculated to be **12,270 tonnes CO₂e**.

This is broken down as:

1. Cradle to PC = 11,735 tonnes CO₂e
2. Material replacements = 170 tonnes CO₂e
3. End of life = 365 tonnes CO₂e

The whole life embodied carbon is equal to 420 kg CO₂e per m².

The embodied carbon of construction materials made up 78.2% of the embodied carbon.



Reduction measure	Embodied carbon saving (tonnes CO ₂ e)	% reduction on baseline
Lower carbon concrete mixtures	786	4.8%
Steel roof and wall cladding	617	3.7%
Pad foundations	980	5.9%
Cut and fill	895	5.4%
Ground stabilisation	985	6.0%
Total reduction	4,263	25.8%

The embodied carbon reduction was 25.8% below a standard logistics building.

A higher standard for a climate secure and sustainable world

Once the embodied carbon of the building was reduced as much as possible and measured by a third-party expert, the last step was to offset or mitigate the carbon produced in the construction of Magnitude 314.

In line with the requirements of the UKGBC Net Zero Carbon Buildings Framework Definition the remaining embodied carbon was mitigated using Gold Standard carbon offsets.

The focus of the offsetting is creating wider socio-economic & environmental value, aligned with the UN Sustainable Development Goals. The Gold Standard carbon offsets for Magnitude 314 are estimated to have created \$2 million of wider value to society, including 12,000 Mangrove trees planted in Mozambique and Madagascar, demonstrating benefits for 10 out of the 17 Sustainable Development Goals (SDG), as below.

 Visit [Gold Standard](#)





Stage 06/ Maintain



The continued low carbon operation

Once an occupier is in place they will be provided with handover information, including the PSI document explaining the designed energy efficiency and wellbeing measures and advocacy for sustainable operations.

One of the ways GLP have enabled their occupiers to run their buildings efficiently is the BEA system.



“Built Environment Analytics (BEA) through the ultra high efficient Lighting system captures on one portal all occupancy, consumption, generation and environmental metrics for the facility in operation. Greater insights can be found through linear, cross and boundary analytics to further reduce operational costs and the environmental footprint whilst improving employee well-being.

BEA is provided to GLP customers at zero cost under a fully inclusive, single point warranty with scientific measurement to Well Building Standards. BEA is provided Carbon Neutral at day one with all embedded Carbon offset by Thorlux Lighting through an accredited tree-planting scheme.”

John Griffiths
Kelly Taylor Associates

Not only this but the building is equipped with a water based, refrigerant free, Hydronic air-conditioning system and a 10,000 litre rain water harvesting tank to reduce the building’s water demand.



Built Environment Analytics (BEA)



Rainwater harvesting



Electric vehicle (EV) charging



Energy monitoring



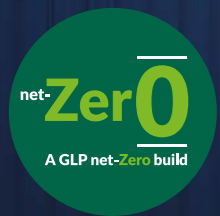
Excellent air tightness



“Magnitude is a milestone development for GLP and the logistics industry. It paves the way for further Net Zero carbon development as we continue our strategy of reducing our carbon footprint, keeping sustainability at the forefront of both the design and construction processes. We are proud to have developed the world’s first building to be verified as Net Zero Carbon for construction and look forward to continuing our sustainability journey.”

Steven Alexander

UK Construction Director at GLP Europe



London office
50 New Bond Street
London W51 1BJ

GLP is committed to a policy of continuous development and reserves the right to make changes to information without notice. This brochure, the descriptions and measurements contained herein do not form part of any contract and whilst every effort has been made to ensure accuracy, this cannot be guaranteed. November 2020. Printed in the UK.



glp.com/eu

